ABOUT FONTAGRO
FONTAGRO is a unique cooperation mechanism for agricultural innovation in Latin America and the Caribbean (ALC) and Spain, that works through regional platforms. It is composed of 15 countries that have contributed capital exceeding 100 million dollars and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), which is its legal representative.

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE
A Board of Directors with representation of the member countries and a Technical Administrative Secretariat.

MISSION
The mission of FONTAGRO is to contribute to the increase of the competitiveness of the agricultural sector, to the reduction of poverty and to the sustainable management of natural resources in the region. FONTAGRO also serves as a discussion forum on agricultural and rural innovation in the region.

MEDIUM TERM PLAN (MTP)
The MTP focuses on the improvement of family farming, emphasizing four themes:
• Technological, organizational and institutional innovation;
• Adaptation and mitigation of climate change;
• Sustainable intensification of agriculture and management of natural resources;
• Value chains and competitive territories

ORIGIN OF RESOURCES

PARTICIPATION AND ROLE IN CONSORTIUMS SINCE 1998

FONTAGRO IN NUMBERS

193
Number of projects approved

137.8 MILLION
Approved total amount US$

9.5 MILLION
Contribution from other agencies

32
Benefited countries

63
Generated technologies

15
New technologies for ALC

8
Technology of global relevance

MEMBER COUNTRIES
FONTAGRO IN PARAGUAY

Paraguay is one of the founding countries of FONTAGRO in 1998, with a contribution of US$ 2.0 million. During the 25 years of membership, Paraguay has participated in 23 consortia for a total amount of US$ 20.1 million, of which US$ 6.6 million were contributed by FONTAGRO and other agencies. The projects have included research and technological development on wheat, cassava, organic production, information and monitoring systems for risk management in agricultural production, strategies for climate change, among others. Some important results:

1. Wheat varieties with high industrial quality and greater resistance to diseases have been developed.
2. Methodologies for a more efficient selection of wheat germplasm resistant to Fusariosis were defined and standardized.
3. Potential sources of resistance of adult plants to wheat rusts were identified.
4. Methods and tools were developed to establish an information and monitoring system for the evaluation of risks in agricultural production.
5. The most important characteristics of wheat cultivation were identified with yields higher than the average in the Itapúa crops (101%) and in IAN (108%).

STRENGTHENING

1. Regional consortia increased the efficiency and effectiveness of research and innovation, strengthening the capabilities of researchers.
2. Technical, organizational and institutional strengthening at national and international level.
3. Access to partnerships for projects with leading institutions such as the International Center for the Improvement of Maize and Wheat (CIMMYT), International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT), EMBRAPA-Brazil, INIA-Uruguay, INTA-Argentina, INIA-Chile, INTA- Costa Rica, University of Córdoba- Colombia, etc. Through them, access has been obtained to multiple international cooperation networks such as PROCISUR, the CGIAR, etc.
4. FONTAGRO projects generate privileged and free access to technologies, contacts, publications, case studies and international networks.

EXAMPLES OF PROJECTS IN PARAGUAY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>LEAD INSTITUTION</th>
<th>MEMBERS OF THE CONSORTIUM</th>
<th>TOPIC</th>
<th>AMOUNT OF THE CONSORTIUM</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>AGROSAVIA COLOMBIA</td>
<td>INIAP (EC); IDIAP (PA); FITTACORI (CR); INTA (CR); IDIAP (DO); INTA (NI); AGROCALIDAD (EC); INIAP (BO); INIA (PE); UNA Paraguay (PY); ASBAMA (CO); DICTA (HN); CIAT (CO); Bioversity International (CR); Bid Invest (US); AUGURA (CO); OIRS (CR); MUSALAC (CR); Alianza Internacional Biodiversity - CIAT (CO); IICA (CR);</td>
<td>Prevention and management of Fusarium wilt</td>
<td>$1,384,298</td>
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<td>2020</td>
<td>ARGENTINIA ARGENTINA</td>
<td>INTA (AR); INIA (UY); INIA (CL); IPTA (PY); EMBRAPA (BR); Udelar (UY); Asociados Don Mario SA (AR); UBA (AR); PROCISUR (UY); AGROSAVIA (CO); INIAP (EC); ACA (AR); ACA (AR); Consorcio Papa (CL);</td>
<td>Gene editing for improvement in plant and animal species</td>
<td>$1,143,163</td>
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<td>2019</td>
<td>ARGENTINIA ARGENTINA</td>
<td>INTA (AR); INIAF (BO); FEGASACRUZ (BO); IPTA (PY); GRA (NZ);</td>
<td>Bovine productivity in the South American Chaco region</td>
<td>$657,285</td>
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<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>ARGENTINIA ARGENTINA</td>
<td>INTA (AR); INIA (CL); INIAP (EC); INTA (NI); IDIAP (DO); IPTA (PY); INIA (UY); EMBRAPA (BR); PROCISUR (UY); Ministry for Primary Industries NZ (NZ);</td>
<td>Sustainable intensification of livestock systems with leguminous plants</td>
<td>$1,794,524</td>
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<td>2018</td>
<td>ARGENTINIA ARGENTINA</td>
<td>INTA (AR); INIA (UY); UNI Paraguay (PY); GAM Bermejo (BO); SATV (AR); FEDEROCITRUS (AR); UPEFRUY (UY);</td>
<td>Sustainable control of vector of HLB in Family Farming</td>
<td>$1,038,550</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Project</td>
<td>Organizations</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>PROCISUR</td>
<td>INIA (UY); INTA (AR); EMBRAPA (BR); INIA (CL); IPTA (PY); INIAP (EC); INTA (NI); IDIAF (DO);</td>
<td>Use of legumes in livestock systems</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
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